**TRƯỜNG THCS NGUYỄN VĂN CỪ**

**UNIT 7**

**TEST 1**

**I.Choose the word whose main stress is placed differetly from the others:**

1. a.damage b.revive c.promise d.bandage

2. a.sterile b.tissue c.conscious d.asleep

3. a.towel b.awake c.treatment d.stretcher

4. a.injection b.ambulance c.minimize d.handkerchief

5. a.patient b.victim c.teenager d.hospital

6.a.happen b.overheat c.bandage d.injure

**II.Choose the best answer:**

 1.Please send an ………..to Quang Trung school . A student is hurt.

 A. ambulance B. emergency C. address D .advice

1. Her head ……………quite badly.

A. is bleed B. is bleeding C. are bleeding D. bleeding

1. All right, I……….I’ll keep her awake.

 A. try B. promise C. will promise D.promises

1. A: Can you get me some medicine ? -B: ………………….

 A. yes B. sure C. please D. thanks

1. A: Could you give me your book ,please ? – B : I’m sorry,…………..

A. I can B. I can’t C. I’m sure D. ok

1. The …….. on the wall is used to check people’s eyesight

A. eye chart B. stretcher C. crutcher D. scale

1. ………you get me some flowers please ?

A. Shall B. Will not C. Will D.Do

1. A:………..get you some bandage ? -B: That would be nice.

A. Can I B. I can C. Can you D. You can

1. A:I promise I won’t play soccer in the house again. - B:I……….

A. yes, please B. yes, ok C. hope so D. certainly

1. The ambulance will be there………about 10 minutes.

 A. at B. in C. of D. for

11. If a patient faints, leave her/ him………………………

A.to lie flat B. sitting flat C. lying flat D. standing flat

12. If a victim can’t walk , he can use……………to move around.

A. stretcher B. wheel chair C. scale D. eye-chart

13. Give a fainted patient a cup of……..when she /he revives.

A.coffee B. hot water C.cold water D. tea

14. If you have a burn, ease pain with…………water packs.

A.ice or cold B.hot C. warm D.tea

15. I took care……….their children for a week

A. of B. at C. with D. about

16. Perhaps she went to another store………….get better milk of lower price.

A.in order to B.so as C.can D. will

17. Don’t fall…….while driving your car. You may cause accidents.

A.sleep B. sleepy C. asleep D. asleepy

18. Cool the burn immediately…………minimize tissue damage.

A.in order B. so as to C.order to D. as so to

 19.You should elevate the patient’s feet above the level of the heart.

 a.cut b.press c.decrease d.raise

 20. Calm\_\_\_\_\_\_and tell me what happened.

 a. out b. up c. in d.down

**III. Complete the sentences with *(‘ll)* or won’t + one of these verbs: *be/ come/ wait/ like/ happen/ know/ meet/ pass/ get/ look.***

1. I’m sorry about what happened yesterday. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ again.
2. Can you wait for me? I \_\_\_\_\_\_ very long.
3. They have invited him to the party but they don’t think he \_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_ the final exam. He hasn’t worked hard enough for it.
5. Why don’t you try on this dress? I think it \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
6. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ here until you come back tomorrow.
7. Don’t ask Susan for advice. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what to do.
8. I’m too tired to walk home. I think I \_\_\_\_\_\_ a taxi.
9. You must meet George sometime. I think you \_\_\_\_\_\_ him again.
10. What a nuisance! I hope we \_\_\_\_\_\_ him again.

**IV. Combine each pair of sentences, using in order (not) to or so as (not) to.**

1. He always drives carefully. He doesn’t want to cause accidents.

……………………………………………………………………………….

1. I went to the college. I wanted to see Professor Taylor.

……………………………………………………………………………….

1. She wore warm clothes. She didn’t want to get cold.

……………………………………………………………………………..

1. Nam is studying very hard. He wants to keep pace with his classmates.

……………………………………………………………………………….

1. We turned out the lights. We didn’t want to waste electricity.

………………………………………………………………………………….

1. He moved to the front row. He could hear the speaker better.

………………………………………………………………………………….

1. I wish to have enough money. I want to buy a new house.

……………………………………………………………………………………..

1. Thanh and Nga are going to Australia. They want to learn English.

………………………………………………………………………………..

1. We hurried to school. We didn’t want to be late.

………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. She should cover the wound with a tower or a handkerchief. She wants to stop the bleeding

……………………………………………………………………………………………

V. **Give the right form of the verbs in brackets: Simple Future or Simple Present.**

1. We (go) ……………………………… out when the rain (stop) ………………………………

2. She (not come) ………………………………until you (be) …………………………… ready.

3. I (come) …………………………… and (see) ………………………… them before I leave here.

4. We (phone) ……………………… you as soon as we (arrive) …………………………in Ha Noi.

5. When I (see) ……………………Mr. Pike tomorrow, I (give) ……………him your message.

6. He promises he (leave) ………………………before the sun (rise) ………………………………

7. They (move) ……………………………… to their house at Christmas this year.

8. Who (look after) …………………the children when your sister (be) ………………………away?

**VI. Complete the sentences with “so that” or “in order (not) to”:**

1. I try to study hard ……………………………………………make my parents happy.

2. They got up early ……………………………………………they didn’t miss the bus.

3. ……………………………………………get good marks, you have to study harder.

4. Hurry up ……………………………………………you won’t be late for school.

5. Remember to do your homework …………………………………be punished by your teacher.

6. It’s raining. Take a raincoat with you when you go out ………………………you won’t get wet.

7. We eat ……………………………………………we can live.

8. I learn English ……………………………………………be able to read newspapers in English.

9. He gave me his address ……………………………………………I could write to him.

10. She wore glasses ……………………………………………be recognized.

**VII. Complete these dialogues with expressions for the requests, offers or promises.**

**Ex:** A: It’s so cold. (you/ close/ the window?) ***Could you close the window, please?***

 B: OK. I’ll do it now.

1. A: I feel tired and thirsty.

 B: Well.…………………………………………………………(you/like/ some cold drink?)

A:…………………………………………………………………………………(That/ nice)

2. A: You must bring back before 4:30.

B: OK ………………………………………………………(I/ promise/ we/ back/ on time)

3. A: Oh! I cut myself. …………………………………………………(you/ give/ a bandage?)

B: Sure. Here you are.

4. A: Please go this way, sir. ………………………………………………… (I/ carry/ bags?)

B: No, thank you.

5. A: Here is your report card. I think you should work harder on your Math and English.

B: Yes, Mom. ………………………………………………….(I/ try/ best/ improve/them)

6. A: The room is in a mess. ………………………………………………(you/ tidy/ it up?)

B: I’m sorry. I can’t. I’m very busy at the moment.

**TEST 2**

* 1. **Choose the word that is pronounced different ly from the others:**
	2. A. ambulance B. bandage C. damage D. patient
	3. A. hit B. tight C. injection D. sting
	4. A. forget B. present C. overheat D. emergency
	5. A. faint B. aid C. pain D. wheelchair
	6. A. crutch B. school C. handkerchief D. chart
	7. A. bite B. revive C. promise D. minimize
	8. A. happened B. helped C. burned D. bored

**II. Match the two halves of the following sentences to have meaningful ones:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A** | **B** |
| 1.The new students read the information carefully2.We changed the water in the vase so often3.The children are wearing heavy clothes4.The Browns used to go to the beach5. Mai tried her best to study6.The policemen ran very fast7.My father did some reservation8.Lan read a lot of scientific books9.Nam is training very hard10.Nga practices speaking English everyday | a/in order to win in the next competition.b/ so as to get some fresh and pure air.c/in order to understand the instructions.d/ so as to keep the flowers longer.e/ in order to get more knowledge on biology.f/ so as to get a scholarship.g/ so as to be able to talk to her new English friend.h/ in order to catch the thief.i/ in order to get good seats for the family.j/ so as to protect them self from the cold. |

**III. Choose the suitable words or phrases to fill in the blanks.**

1. Cool the burns immediately so as to ……………….. tissue damage.

a. ease b. relieve c. minimize d. maximize

2. The lane is ………………..Nguyen Trai Street and Tran Hung Dao Street.

a. near b. between c. beside d. on

3. ………………..you post this letter for me, please?

a. Will b. Do c. Are d. Won’t

4. She promises she ………………..back in about half an hour.

a. is b. be c. has been d. will be

5. ………………..I do the washing up? – No, thanks. I can do it myself.

a. Can b. Would c. Shall d. Won’t

6. People use first-aid ………………..ease the victim’s pain and anxiety.

a. so that b. in order to c. so as not to d. in order that

7. ……………….. is used to check one’s eyesight.

 a. Eye-shade b. Eyeglass c. Eyepiece d. Eye chart

8. Leave the victim ………………..flat and don’t let him ………………..chilled.

 a. lying/ to become b. to lie/ become c. lying/ become d. to lie/ to become

9. The nurse asked me to look at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_so as to check my eye sight

a.scale b. eyes chart. c. wheelchair d. ambulance

10. He is working very hard\_\_\_\_\_\_­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_get poor grades.

 a. in order not to b. in order to c. to d. not to

11. The doctor is asking about the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the injured person to know exactly how to cure her.

 a. address b. condition c. health d. appearance

12.Don’t **overheat** the victim with blankets or coat.

 a. make someone too hot b. make someone too cold c. hurt someone d.destroy someone

 13. The cup of coffee kept her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all night.

 a.alone b.asleep c.awake d.alive

 14.A: I promise I won’t do that again. B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 a.Sure b.Ok c. Don’t forget. d. No, thank you.

15. Cool it immediately so as to minimize tissue damage.

 a.deepen b.reduce c.widen d.enlarge

16.Would you please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me a sterile dressing?

 a.to give b.gave c.give d.giving

17.The anti-tetanus injection in order to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the vivtim’s pain anxiety.

 a.ease b.cut c.treat d.increase

18…………….ia an instrument used for weighing people or things.

 a.scale b.eyes chart. c.wheelchair d.ambulance

19.A: Shall I do the washing-up? B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 a.I’m afraid not b.I don’t think so c.I’m sorry I can’t d.No, thanks. I can do it myself

20.Are you looking forward\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on holiday?

 a.go b.to go c.to going d.that you go

**IV. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.**

1. She was …………………………………. for days after the accident. (conscious)

2. His speedy ………………………….after the operation amazed all the doctors. (revive)

3. The …………………………………. of water caused the dam to burst. (press)

4. A monument was erected to soldiers who …………………………… for the revolution. (bleed)

5. Come by the fire. You must be ………………………………….to the bone. (chill)

6. I want an ………………………………….reply. (immediately)

7. The victim who has a dog bite needs an anti-tetanus …………………………………. (inject)

8. She is very ………………………………….about her mother’s health. (anxiety)

**V. Fill in the blanks with the suitable prepositions.**

1. The girl fell ………………………… her bike and hit her head ………………………… the road.

2. The policeman asked me to phone ………………………… an ambulance.

3. You’d better put pressure ………………………… the wound.

4. The ambulance will be there …………………………about 10 minutes.

5. Don’t overheat the victim …………………………blankets or coats.

6. How can we make contact …………………………you?

7. Thanks …………………………your praise. It really cheers me …………………………

8. Will you come …………………………to my house on the weekend?

**VI.Read the passage and answer the questions\_**

 A girl was riding a bike when she had an accident. She fell off her bike and hit her head on the road. Her head was hurt and it was badly bleeding. However, she was still conscious. People called an ambulance in order to take her to the hospital. While waiting for an ambulance, some people try to stop the bleeding by using a handkerchief to cover the wound and help it tight. They tried to talk to her so as to keep her awake. After about 10 minutes, the ambulance arrived and she was taken to the hospital.

\*Questions:

1.What was wrong with a girl when she was riding a bike yesterday?

…………………………………………………………………………………..

2.Was she still conscious?

………………………………………………………………….

3.What did people do to stop the bleeding for her?

……………………………………………………………………………

4.Did the ambulance arrive after an hour?

………………………………………………………………………………

**VII. Fill in each blank with the correct word in the box:**

|  |
| --- |
| for injection first-aid scared countrysideout cleansed suddenly covered hospital |

 Yesterday Lien and Hoa went to visit their aunt in the (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She took them out\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(2) a walk.When they passed by one of her aunt’s neighbors’ house, a dog came running(3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and barked unceasingly. They wanted to stop it but they couldn’t. It ran after them and (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bit Lien. It was so terrible. They had to bring Lien to the nearest (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which is only half a kilometer from her aunt’s house. There the nurse (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lien’s wound with warm water and soap. She(7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the wound with a clean and dry dressing. Lien got an anti-tetanus (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_as soon as possible. She went home after she got(9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She left better, but she still got (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**VIII. Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first.**

1. Where is the nearest post office?

Could you ……………………………………………………………………………?

2. Open the door, please.

Will you ……………………………………………………………………………………?

3. Hanh is studying very hard because she doesn’t want to fail in the exam.

Hanh is studying very hard in order ……………………………………………………………

4. Do you want me to drive?

Shall …………………………………………………………………?

5. I want you to help me carry my bags.

Can ………………………………………………….?

6. He climbed the tree because he wanted to get a better view.

He climbed the tree so as …………………….……………………………….

**UNIT 8**

**TEST 1**

**I.Choose the best answer:**

 1: We should use cloth bags instead……….plastic bags.

A.at B. in C. of D. for

2: Recycling is easy. Remember: reduce, reuse and ……………

A.redoing B.remade C.recycle D. rebuy

3: It is not difficult ………………….those.

A. remember B. to remember C. remembers D. remembered

4: I’m pleased…………to know more.

A.you that B.you want that C. you that want D. that you want

5: Compost is a wonderful natural…………………….

A.fertilize B. fertilizing C.fertilizer D. fertilizers

6: That beautiful toy……….from recycled paper.

A.making B. is made C.are made D.makes

7: The bottles are……… into small pieces.

A.cuted B. cutting C.cut D.cuts

8: The empty bottles are cleaned and…………….

A.filled B.refilled C. refiled D. filling

9: Farmers always collect household and garden waste…………compost.

A.to make B. remake C. make D. makes

 10: Reduce means not ………..products which are overpackaged.

A. buying B .buy C. buys D.is buying

11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is waste from the body of a large animal such as an elephant or a cow.

 A. Compost B. Dung C. Garbage D. Fertilizer

12.She has already \_\_\_\_\_\_\_his cup five or six times.

 A. refilled B. reused C. reduced D. recycled

13.It’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to walk in the narrow and busy road.

 A. danger B. dangers C. dangerous D. dangerously

14.I threw\_\_\_\_\_\_\_all the broken toys.

 A. aside B. away C. down D. in

15.Break the chocolate\_\_\_\_\_\_\_into squares.

 A. up B. in C. on D. off

16.\_\_\_\_\_\_is a mixture of decaying plants and vegetables that is added to soil to improve its quality.

 A. Compost B. Dung C. Trash D. Fertilizer

17.The sea and rivers are too\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to swim in.

 A. dirt B. dirty C. dirtily D. dirtiness

18.His father ought to give up smoking.

 A.should B.could C.may D. is going to

19.Glass is broken up, melted and made into new\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A.ironware B.silverware C.hardware D.Glassware

20. Let’s play tennis instead of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_television.

 A.watch B.watches C.watching D. to watch

**II. Read the following passage and choose the item (a, b, c, or d) that best answers each of the questions about it.**

 You can recycle many types of glass. Glass food and beverage containers can be reused and recycled many times. (In fact, only bulbs, ceramic glass, dishes, and window glass can't be recycled.) Glass is made from soda ash, sand, and lime. If it's thrown away, it stays there indefinitely because glass never breaks down into its original ingredients. To be recycled, glass is sorted by color, crushed into small pieces, and melted down into a liquid. Then, it is molded into new glass containers.

1. Which of the following can be recycled?

a. glass food and beverage containers              b. bulbs

c. ceramic glass                                d. dishes and window glass

2. What does the word 'reuse' in line 2 mean?

a. use something again                b. use all of something

c. throw something away              d. not buying things which are overpackaged

3. Glass \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. is made from soda ash, sand, and lime b. stays there indefinitely if it's thrown away

c. never breaks down into its original ingredients d. all are correct

4. What does the word 'its' in line 5 refer to?

a. glass               b. soda ash           c. sand               d. lime

5. When people recycle glass, they\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. sort it by color and crush it into small pieces b. melt it into a liquid

c. mould it into containers d. all are correct

**III.Change the sentences into the passive voice:**

1. The workers break the glass into small pieces.

The glass……………………………………………………………………………………………

2. They sweep the garden every morning.

The garden…………………………………………………………………………………………

3.Someone dry the glass pieces completely.

The glass pieces…………………………………………………………………………………

4. People mix them with certain specific chemicals.

They……………………………………………………………………………………………………

5. They melt this mixture yesterday.

This mixture……………………………………………………………………

6.Mai irons her clothes every evening.

Her clothes…………………………………………………………………….

7.They send the goods to Vung Tau by coach.

The goods………………………………………………………………………..

8.Linda tyres the reports in this office.

The reports………………………………………………………………….

9.The secretary does a lot of work every day

A lot of work…………………………………………………………….

10.We speak English all over the world.

English…………………………………………………………………………………………

11.The children usually eat vegetables and fruits.

Vegetables and……………………………………………………………………………………

12.Chemicals wastes pollute our environment.

Our environment……………………………………………………………………………..

13.People recycle old car tires to make shoes and sandals.

Old car…………………………………………………………………………………….

14.Miss Linh taught English last year.

English…………………………………………………………………………………………………

15. My sister read that novel last week.

That novel……………………………………………………………………………….

16. I didn’t see Tim two days ago.

Tim……………………………………………………………………………….

**IV.Supply the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.**

1. There has been some (reduce) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in unemployment.

2. The child is the (produce) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of a broken home.

3. Flowers are often (fertile) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by bees as they gather nectar.

4. He was the Queen’s (represent) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at the ceremony.

5. Workers should wear full (protect) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_clothing.

6. His father is an (environment ) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_health officer.

7. A (nature) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is a person who studies animals, planst, birds, and other living things.

8. He got into (difficult) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_while swimming and had to be rescued.

9. A service was held in (remember) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of local soldiers killed in the war.

10. I can’t think of any possible (explain) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for his absence.

**V.Complete the passage with the words given in the box:**

|  |
| --- |
| waste surprised resources recycling tonlabor thrown discussion requires preserved |

 Nam’s class has a (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on waste paper. His friends are so(2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to learn that every day throughout the word, millions of newspapers and paper bags are screwed and (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_away. People are collecting waste paper and (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it. Making paper (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of trees and labor. Now if people don’t (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ paper, they can save (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and money. Especially, people can save the natural (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . For every (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of recycled newsprint, ten trees can be saved. The more paper people save, the more natural resources are (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI.Write the correct tense of the verbs in parentheses.**

1. What you (do) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next week?

2. Our roommates (travel) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Tokyo next June.

3. The girl (learn) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Chemistry at the moment.

4. What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the officers (do) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now?

5. If he (not get) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_up early, he (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_late for school.

6. Would you please (bring) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me a cup of milk tea?

7. The little girl wants (buy) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a few pens and pencils.

8. What should we (do) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the evening.

9. You may (stay) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at home on weekends.

10. We (get) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_good marks if we (study) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hard.

**VII.Complete the sentences using one of these verbs in the correct form.**

**-write- translate- cause- damage- hold- include- invite- make- overtake- show- bear-**

1. A lot of accidents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by careless drivers.

2. Do you know that cheese \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from milk?

3. The roof of that house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a storm a week ago.

4. There’s no need to leave a trip. Service \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the bill. Don’t you see it?

5. Khanh and you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party. Why didn’t you go?

6. Pople know that a cinema is a place where films \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

7. It’s said that in France, elections for President \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every four years.

8. Originally these books \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Chinese and a few years ago they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_into Vietnamese.

9. They were driving along quite fast but they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by many other cars.

10. All of us know that Uncle Ho \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Nam Dan, Nghe An in 1890.

**VIII.Complete the instruction on how to make a nice cup of tea, using the verbs in the box:**

|  |
| --- |
| put add use warm empty allow heat take |

 First, (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_water in a kettle. Then, (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the teapot for a while and (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the hot water. (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_two spoonfuls of tea in the teapot. Next, (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the teapot to the kettle and (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ boiling water to the teapot. (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the tea to brew for about 3 minutes. Finally, add some lemon juice and sugar and (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it with some biscuits.

**IX.Write the sentences with the passive form of the verb:**

1. His car/ wash/every week.

………………………………………………………………………………………..

2.Stamps /sell/ the post office.

…………………………………………………………………………………….

3.Rice / export / to many countries / world.

…………………………………………………………………………………….

4.Butter / cheese / make / from milk.

………………………………………………………………………………………..

5.Classrooms / sweep / students / every day.

………………………………………………………………………………………………

6.Many street accidents / cause / bad weather.

………………………………………………………………………………………..

 THE END